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BISBEE, ARIZONA, WEDNESDAY EVENING, AUGUST 22, 1900.

NUMBER 189

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AGENT FOR LAND SCRIP
Tombstone, Arizona.

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RAILROAD TIME TABLES.
Arizona & South Eastern Railroad
Pacific Time one hour earlier than City time

Northward				Southward			
Time	Distance	Stations	Time	Time	Distance	Stations	Time
6:00	0	Ar.	6:00	1:30	54.0	1:30	1:30
6:05	1.3	South Bisbee	6:05	1:32	54.0	1:32	1:32
6:12	4.0	Don Luis	6:12	1:30	51.3	1:30	1:30
6:25	8.8	Naco Junction	6:25	1:35	46.5	1:35	1:35
6:32	12.4	Packard	6:32	1:45	42.9	1:45	1:45
6:58	19.4	Banning	6:58	1:55	35.9	1:55	1:55
7:01	25.3	Water Tank	7:01	2:05	30.1	2:05	2:05
7:22	30.0	Charleston	7:22	2:15	25.3	2:15	2:15
7:40	36.3	Ar. Fairbank	7:40	2:25	19.0	2:25	2:25
7:54	37.6	N.M. & A. Crossing	7:54	2:35	17.7	2:35	2:35
7:55	39.6	Contention	7:55	2:45	15.7	2:45	2:45
8:10	45.5	Lead	8:10	2:55	9.5	2:55	2:55
8:50	55.3	Ar. Benson	8:50	3:00	0.0	3:00	3:00

* Flag Stations—stop on Signal.
V. R. STILES, K. C. MORGAN, Superintendents.

Southern Pacific Railroad.			
WESTBOUND.			
Benson, leave	4:30 p. m.	Pass.	
Tucson, arrive	7:30		
Maricopa, "	9:40		
Phoenix, "	6:30 a. m.		
Passengers for Phoenix, from the east or west, remain at Maricopa overnight. Sleeping car and hotel accommodation.			
Yuma, arrive	9:00 a. m.		
Los Angeles, arrive	12 noon		

New Mexico and Arizona Railroad.			
WESTBOUND.			
Benson, leave	5:30 p. m.	Pass.	
Fairbank, arrive	6:15		
Nogales, "	9:00		
EASTBOUND.			
Nogales, leave	5:10 a. m.	Pass.	
Fairbank, arrive	7:57		
Benson, "	9:40		

Sonora Railroad.			
SOUTHBOUND.			
Nogales, leave	10:00 p. m.	Pass.	
Hermosillo, arrive	5:15 a. m.		
Guaymas, "	9:10		
NORTHBOUND.			
Guaymas, leave	6:00 p. m.	Pass.	
Hermosillo, arrive	9:55		
Nogales, "	5:50 a. m.		

Santa Fe Prescott and Phoenix Railroad.			
NORTHBOUND.			
Phoenix, leave	10:00 p. m.	Pass.	
Hot Springs Junction, arrive	11:47		
Prescott, "	12:55 a. m.		
Jerome Junction, "	1:30		
Ashfork, "	7:35		

THE LATE SENATOR

Ingall's Character Was a Strange

MIXTURE OF WEAKNESS AND Strength. An Interesting Sketch of the Great Senator.

Of the many strange characters Kansas has given to the national life, John J. Ingalls was the strongest and the weakest, the most brilliant and most savage—a human collection of wit, biting sarcasm, pyrotechnical oratory, vilification and pitiless ridicule. He was too brainy to be obscure, too mercenary to be great as men are great who know merely, too learned to be overwhelmed by foes, too fond of the shafts of irony and denunciation to be master of his enemies.

Called the 'reckless Uhlán of politics,' he confounded his critics by a most courteous, considerate and impartial conduct of the affairs of the president of the United States senate. Fond of political life and power, he was retired by his own state (after eighteen years service in the senate) with a merciless drop into temporary political oblivion. He was re-elected, retired again, and then became a writer for the press and the magazines, and as such has held the public ear for some years past.

The Ingalls stock is from Massachusetts. He was born in Middleton in 1833. The family name was originally Ingall, but the final "l" crept in after several generations had lived and died in this country. Edmund Ingall, or Ingalls, founded Lynn in 1628. His mother's family—the Chases—were in New Hampshire as early as 1630. Both sides of the pioneer families had means. The father was a man of unusual intelligence, it is said. Failing health drove him from the learned professions and made him a manufacturer of boots and shoes.

A description of Senator Ingall's personal appearance was:

"Fancy a man about the height of a medium sized barber's pole, with the obesity of a billiard cue. He dresses in a fashion peculiar to himself and keeps his coat buttoned. His head begins small at the chin, as though most of the material had been saved for the upper works, and runs up high, branching out above his spectacles into a brainpan. His face is strongly marked with lines of individuality."

His courage was undoubted. A Kansas bully walked up to him one time and, pointing a revolver at his head, said: "See here, my boy, they say you are the best speaker in Kansas. Now you get up on that chair and give us a speech or I'll shoot you."

The senator replied: "I do not intend to make a speech for any drunkard."

The drunken man waved his revolver about and finally it went off, and he shot himself in the leg. He was put to bed while the senator went quietly to his own room, secured a pistol and came down and ate dinner with the weapon by his plate.

It is said of him that when he first came to Kansas his personal belongings consisted of a shirt and a copy of Blackstone. He cast his lot with the Free Soil party, and his speeches made him the most feared orator of that faction. His life was threatened many times, but he never ceased talking.

When he was finally retired from the United States senate his only comment was: "Whom the Lord loveth he chasteneth."

His work in the senate was largely marked by terrific oratorical castigations of such of his colleagues whom he did not either respect or trust. He was the "ginger" of that body for years, although never a strong factor in its final deliberations on important legislation. He was not constructive. His mind was that of the critic, and the critic he has always been.

One apt description, given of him was: "He is an ex-officio statesman."

Another is: "He can be an animated stiletto or an infuriated hedgehog; a cooling dove or an Aeolian harp. His chief mission is to stir up the animals."

As an intellectual force, the southwest has never had his equal, although so much of his energy has been applied to the work of destruction.

Although a man of literary tastes, Senator Ingalls was also practical and knew several things about business affairs. His estate will probably aggregate \$250,000 in value, some of his personal friends even putting it as high as \$500,000.

Rough Riders For China. Expect to Raise a New Regiment For Service.

The Philadelphia North American of recent date contained the following with reference to the Rough Riders: Strong hopes are entertained in Arizona that a new regiment of Rough Riders will be summoned in the impending call for troops for service in China. It is believed that three regiments of cavalry should be formed and that the southwest should have the organization of at least one of the three. Nearly all the members of the old regiment express themselves eager to join the force if they can be attached to a successor of the old organization. The regiment of Rough Riders, officially known as the first United States volunteer cavalry, was recruited mainly in Arizona, New Mexico, Indian Territory and Oklahoma. It is probable each territory would be willing and competent to fill the regiment by itself.

A number of officers would be missing. It is probable that Lieutenant-Colonel Brodie, wounded in the arm at Guastimas, would be willing to accept the colonelcy. Of the old staff Adjutant Keyes, is dead, killed in the Philippines. Quartermaster Coleman is a brigadier-quartermaster in Manila. Chaplain Brown is an army chaplain, stationed in Porto Rico. The ranking Captain, O'Neil, was killed in Cuba. The next in seniority, Captain McClintock, of Arizona, is incapacitated by an ankle wound received at Guastimas. The third captain, Houston, of Oklahoma, died last month in Manila, and Captain Luna, of New Mexico, was drowned lately in a river passage in the Philippines, where he was on the staff of General Lawton. Captain Capron was killed at Guastimas. Of the men it is probable that 50 per cent would be ready and capable of enlisting.

DISTINGUISHED VISITORS. Prominent Men Who Are Mining in Cochise County.

A party of distinguished visitors were in Tombstone today and includes the wealthiest cattle and mining barons in the southwest. They are Captain W. H. McKittrick, the wealthy cattleman and gallant officer and hero of the Cuban war; Jepp Ryan and Thos. Ryan of the firm of Ryan Brothers, whose extensive cattle holdings in Arizona, Montana, Texas and other states, place them among the largest cattle owners in the west; and W. S. Tevis, the prominent California capitalist, who is in charge of the large interests of the estate of Haggis & Tevis. The four gentlemen are also largely interested in mines and are turning their attention to the mineral resources of this section.—Prospector.

A HIGH GRADE MINE. Remarkable Values Obtained on the Colorado River.

T. M. Drennan, manager of the Parker Mining company of Arizona, has been in the city several days, says the Herald. For some years Mr. Drennan was in the government Indian service, and was stationed at Parker, Ariz. Three years ago his company began the development of a good property thirty miles down the Colorado from Needles, on the Arizona side, and nine miles above Copper Basin where the new smelter is going in. Mr. Drennan has left the Indian service and is devoting himself altogether to the Parker company. There are four claims in the company's group, and about 1,200 feet of development work has been run, the work consisting of shafts, tunnels and drifts. The ore is honeycombed quartz carrying some oxidized iron and running very high in gold. Several lots have been shipped for the purpose of making mill tests. One lot went \$58 and another \$174 in gold. The vein is small, running from one to two feet in width, but seems to be continuous.

Mr. Drennan says that about \$100,000 worth of ore has been blocked out and is now in sight. On the strength of this showing the company bought a mill in Chicago and will ship it from there this week. The gold is to be recovered by amalgamation and concentration.

Human Hair Scarce. One result of the present Chinese troubles of which perhaps only a few people have thought is the scarcity of human hair.

Bremen does quite a business with the east in this commodity, a great deal of which is reshipped to the United States, France and England, where it is used for wigmaking. The Chinese are not willing to give their cues just now. In consequence of this scarcity the price has gone up 100 mark (\$23.80) per kilogram (a few ounces more than two pounds). The Bretons of northwestern France have been quick to seize the opportunity and are supplying the market. When the Chinamen are through killing foreigners they will find out that the dealers no longer want their pigtails.

ANOTHER AFFIDAVIT. Turned in for the Halderman Brothers.

All Texas Helping and Vice-Presidential Candidate Taking a Hand.

The governor's office was advised yesterday that another important affidavit had been procured in the case of the Halderman brothers.

It will be remembered by those who are in any way familiar with the case that Ted Moore, for whose murder they are under sentence of death, and Constable Charles F. Ainsworth were killed in the course of a visit for the purpose of serving a warrant of arrest upon them in which they were charged with shooting cattle on the range.

The complainant was a man named Buck Smith, a cattleman of that neighborhood. Smith now swears that he was informed by Moore that the Haldermans shot the cattle, but he is in possession of later evidence that the shooting was done by Moore, evidently for the purpose of throwing the blame upon the Haldermans, with the elder of whom, William Halderman, he was at enmity.

It is also learned that the singular influence which has been brought in Texas to bear on behalf of these brothers now include Governor Roosevelt and Hon. Timothy L. Woodruff, of New York.

How the above became interested in the case is not known, but both have written the president and the department of justice about it, urging a commutation. It is said that this is the first time on record that a whole state has ever risen up to save the life of a man condemned to be hanged or that men of national reputation have ever interceded for men of whom they knew nothing except by hearsay. Delegate Dennis T. Flinn, of Oklahoma, who was in the city on Wednesday, was among those who visited Washington to urge a reprieve for the Haldermans.

Speaking of the case incidentally, he said the whole Lone Star state was intensely interested in the fate of the brothers. Notwithstanding all their immediate relatives are as poor as it is possible for them to be. The only connection who has any property is an uncle by marriage. He owns a farm worth about \$5,000 and he placed a mortgage upon that to pay the expense attending the effort to be made to save his nephews.

The lawyers and congressmen who have traveled many thousands of miles from Texas to Arizona, and from Texas to Washington, have not charged a cent for their time and services, though their actual traveling expenses have been paid out of the money raised by that mortgage.

JAPAN MAKES A CONCESSION. Will Allow Foreigners to Hold Stock of Railways in Empire.

PARIS, Aug. 22.—The foreign office announces that the Japanese government has finally agreed to allow foreigners to hold stock in railways within the empire. The foreign office adds that it believes the concession shows the increasing necessity for capital in the empire, and expresses the hope that this action is but a prelude to other important concessions which will show that Japan is really a very liberal country.

Reports On Loss of Framee. PARIS, Aug. 22.—Vice-Admiral Fourrier, who was in command of the squadron off Cape St. Vincent last Saturday when the torpedo boat destroyer Framee was sunk in collision with the battleship Brennus, has made a report to the admiralty in which he says that the loss of the vessel was owing to the defective working of the helm.

Admiral Fourrier says the accident was not due to any carelessness on the part of Commander Manduit Depléssis of the Framee, who went down with his vessel.

Colombia President Resigns. NEW YORK, Aug. 22.—A cable dispatch was received here from Bogota, announcing the resignation of President Sanclemente of the Republic of Colombia.

Vice-President Marroquin will serve out the four years that remain of his term. The action of Senor Sanclemente will bring about a change in the political system of Colombia, and may even end the revolution which has been in progress for ten months.

Metal Quotations. NEW YORK, Aug. 22.—Bar silver 64 1/2; Mexican dollars, 45 1/2.

NEW YORK, Aug. 22.—Copper quiet, brokers 16 1/2; exchange 16 1/2; casting 16 1/2. Lead dull, brokers 400; exchange 425.

FRANCE WILL WAR ON ENGLAND. Thinks Preparations Are on for an Early Combat.

LONDON, Aug. 22.—In all seriousness this morning the Express prints a dispatch from its Cherbourg correspondent to the effect that France is preparing to make war upon England this fall.

The plans are already laid, the correspondent says, for the French navy to sweep the seas of all English men-of-war several days in advance of the declaration of war.

In an editorial paragraph under the news the Express declares that France, by such an underhand move, would forfeit the sympathy of civilized nations.

GUARDS ORDERED OUT. A Race War Seems to be Imminent in Georgia.

ATLANTA, Ga., Aug. 22.—At the request of Deputy Sheriff Hendri, of Liberty county, in the remote southeastern portion of the state, Governor Chandler has ordered out the Liberty guards to quell an uprising. The blacks outnumber the whites three to one. One white man was killed in a quarrel with negroes, and since that time discontent has grown on both sides until a race war seems imminent. It is reported that the negroes are burning Johnston station, a small town on the Savannah, Florida & Western railway, about fifty miles from Savannah. Two negroes are reported killed for resisting arrest.

DIAMOND MINES. District on Manzaruni River Better Than South Africa.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 22.—British Guinea, according to latest reports, has developed diamond mines excelling in product those of South Africa.

United States Consul Moulton, at Demarara, writes the state department that valuable diggings have been discovered up the Mazaruni river, and London dealers value the gems at from 25 to 50 per cent higher than those Kimberly produces.

Concessions of land for diamond mining are now being made.

THE POPULIST COMMITTEE May Not be as Harmonious as Was Predicted.

CHICAGO, Aug. 22.—Latest reports indicate populist national committee which is to meet here the 28th inst., may not be as harmonious as predicted. When Mr. Towne declined nominations of populists it was generally supposed Mr. Stevenson would receive endorsement. Seems plain now the result will not be reached without a struggle, and another candidate may be nominated.

British Troops Ordered North. SHANGHAI, Aug. 22.—Admiral Seymour has been instructed, through the British Consul, not to land troops here, but to send them north.

The leading British bankers and business men have cabled to Lord Salisbury urging a reversal of this decision, as it is likely to have a bad effect upon the Chinese.

Several of the foreign consuls have sent an identical note to their governments urging that the landing of British troops is advisable.

Admiral Seymour is waiting for a reply from Lord Salisbury.

France has 1,100 troops on the transport Cachar, ready to land in case the British land.

France Takes Advantage. PARIS, Aug. 22.—One of the results of the visit of the Shah of Persia to Paris may be seen in the great acquisition by the French government of a new coaling station at Burkhire on the Persian gulf.

Minister Delcasse has been quietly negotiating for several concessions at different coast points along the route to the Orient with considerable success.

The Shah has declared that he is pleased to see French stations established in his territory.

AFRAID TO KILL A KING. A German Youth Deputed to Murder Loses Nerve.

LONDON, Aug. 22.—A youth about twenty years old was arrested at Leipzig according to a special dispatch from Berlin who admits having conspired to kill King Albert of Saxony. He says he was appointed by lot to perform the deed, but that his courage failed.

His identity has not yet been established, but a dagger and a loaded revolver were found on his person.

A Tornado's Havoc. SHEBOYGAN, WIS., Aug. 22.—Careful review of havoc caused by yesterday's tornado showing number of buildings destroyed or badly damaged is not over 75, and pecuniary loss in the neighborhood \$100.

AMERICANS ARE ALIVE

Except the Deaths Already Reported.

IMPERIAL ARMY HAVE FLED

All Powers Have Received Like Note for Peace Negotiations.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 22.—The state department makes public the following extracts from a cablegram received last night from Minister Conger:

"United States Legation, Peking, (undated) via Che Foo, Aug. 20. Secretary of State, Washington—Saved. Relief arrived today. Entered the city with little trouble. Do not yet know where Imperial family is. Except the deaths already reported, all Americans alive and well. Desperate efforts made last night to exterminate us. Mitchell, American soldier, and Russian and Japanese wounded, German killed. [Signed] 'CONGER, 'By FOWLER, Che Foo.'"

TIEN TSIN, Aug. 22.—About five thousand Chinese troops, which are reported to have been at Sung Liu Ghing, left today for Pei Tsang, and two thousand more Chinese troops have gone towards Tung Chow.

SHANGHAI, Aug. 22.—Foreign officials here learn that the telegraph from Tien Tsin has been cut. The position of the allies is uncertain. Large body of Chinese troops has taken the field.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 22.—The cabinet today decided to reject the latest appeal from Li Hung Chang for the cessation of hostilities.

PARIS, Aug. 22.—The French foreign office has received from Li Hung Chang a request similar to the one addressed to the United States government asking for the appointment of M. Pichon, French minister at Peking, or another person to represent France at the peace negotiations. It is said that all the powers have received a like message.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 22.—The state department today received from the viceroys of Nanking and Hunan an appeal asking that no personal indignities be shown the Emperor and Empress Dowager and renewing their assurance of friendship and desire to maintain quiet in China if this is observed.

LONDON, Aug. 22.—Divers paragraphs as to the movements of the Chinese Imperial family continue to be received at treaty ports and are thence faithfully transmitted to European capitals. Those representing the court as having left Peking are of exclusive Chinese origin. According to them, their majesties are well on their way to Sian Fu, about 700 miles inland. Fighting was going on at Peking Saturday, according to one report.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 22.—The government has received positive confirmation from official Chinese sources of the departure of the Empress Dowager and Emperor from Peking.

PARIS, Aug. 22.—The Temps published a dispatch from Shanghai, dated August 21, saying it is reported there that the Dowager Empress fled from Peking with treasure amounting to fifty million taels and that she is surrounded by Japanese cavalry.

CZAR NICHOLAS WILL VISIT. President Loubet Announces Impending Arrival of Important Guest.

PARIS, Aug. 22.—It is confidently expected that the Czar of Russia will visit the exposition. President Loubet announced that he will soon leave his country place at Rambouillet on account of the impending arrival of an important visitor.

THE TRUST QUESTION. Will Form Chief Subject of Bryan's Speech.

LINCOLN, Neb., Aug. 22.—Mr. Bryan today completed his speech to be delivered in Topeka on Thursday in response to the notification of the populist nomination. The speech deals largely with the trust question.

Governor of Shang Tung Dead. SHANGHAI, Aug. 22.—Yuan Shi Kian, governor of Shang Tung, is dead.